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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/611,373	HOWARD ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	SIMON KE	2174
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be discount will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. timely filed om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02.</u> 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) The 3) Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, p	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-40 is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdres 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-40 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ Application Papers	awn from consideration. /or election requirement.	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted an accepted and accepted any not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corresponding to the corresponding to the corresponding and the corresponding to the second accepted and the corresponding to the corres	ccepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Bures* * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applic ority documents have been rece au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ived in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

This action is responsive to communications: Amendment, filed on 7/2/09.

Claims 1-40 are pending in this application. Claims 1, 30, and 40 are independent claims. In amendment filed on 7/209, claims 1, 30, and 40 were amended.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-11, 14, and 16-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shiraishi US Patent 6,809,724 in view of Barnett US Patent 7,174,517, further in view of Crandall US Patent 5,970,231.

As per claim 1, Shiraishi teaches a method for navigating stored content on an electronic device that includes a display and an interface selection device, wherein the stored content is associated with a schedule of a calendar, the method comprising:

Monitoring the interface selection device for user initiated interaction; (column 11, lines 65-column 1210)

Selecting an appointment from the schedule when appointment view operating mode is selected as the current operating mode; (column 35, lines 38-50)

Selecting a current view for the selected appointment when the appointment view operating mode is selected within the calendar channel; (column 35, lines 38-50)

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Updating the display with the current view, wherein the display is partitioned into a header region and a main body region such that the entire display is mapped to the current view (column 37, lines 32-45)

Initiating a next function with the current operating mode of the calendar channel in response to user initiated interaction with the interface selection device; and (column 15, lines 25-40)

Changing the current view to a next view within the current operating mode of the calendar channel when the next function is initiated and the appointment view operating mode is active. (column 15, lines 20-25)

However, Shiraishi fails to teach broadcast transmission including calendar channel content and selecting a current operating mode for a calendar channel when the calendar channel is activated, wherein the calendar channel utilizes the stored content previously used, wherein available operating modes within the calendar channel comprise an appointment view operating mode and an event view operating mode, and wherein one of the available operating modes is automatically selected as a default for the current operating mode when the calendar channel is activated, wherein each event that is accessible from the event view operating mode has a corresponding event time criteria, and wherein each appointment that is accessible from the appointment view operating mode has a corresponding appointment time criteria, and wherein events are maintained separate from appointments; accessing a schedule when the appointment view operating mode is activated, wherein the schedule includes appointments, wherein each appoint corresponds to a single entry in the schedule from stored content previously, wherein each appointment corresponds to a single entry in the schedule;

Barnett teaches broadcast transmission including calendar channel content and selecting a current operating mode for a calendar channel when the calendar channel is activated, wherein the calendar channel utilizes the stored content previously used, wherein available operating modes within the calendar channel comprise an appointment view operating mode and an event view operating mode, (see Barnett, column 15, lines 1-25) and wherein one of the available operating modes is automatically selected as a default for the current operating mode when the calendar channel is activated, (see Barnett 16, lines 15-40) wherein each event that is accessible from the event view operating mode has a corresponding event time criteria, and wherein each appointment that is accessible from the appointment view operating mode has a corresponding appointment time criteria, (see Barnett, column 13, lines 30-70) and wherein events are maintained separate from appointments; (see Barnett, column 12, lines 25-60) accessing a schedule when the appointment view operating mode is activated, wherein the schedule includes appointments, wherein each appoint corresponds to a single entry in the schedule from stored content previously, wherein each appointment corresponds to a single entry in the schedule; (see Barnett; column 15, lines 15-25)

It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to include

Barnett's teaching with method of Shiraishi in order to provide user with a calendar

system that is extremely flexible and configurable which include special events within it.

However, they fail to teach transmit information to a portable device wirelessly;

Automatically and repeatedly receiving a broadcast transmission that is automatically broadcast to many electronic device at the same time such that each of the electronic devices receives the same channel content; wherein the broadcast transmission

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includes public messages and private messages; wherein the public messages are decodable by each of the many electronic devices receiving the broadcast and wherein the private messages within the broadcast are decodable only by a single electronic device receiving the broadcast.

Crandall teaches transmit information from a remote location to a portable device wirelessly. (see Crandall; col. 9, lines 1-20; col. 3, lines 45-50)

Automatically and repeatedly receiving a broadcast transmission that is automatically broadcast to many electronic device at the same time such that each of the electronic devices receives the same channel content; (see Crandall, col. 3, lines 3-25) wherein the broadcast transmission includes public messages and private messages; wherein the public messages are decodable by each of the many electronic devices receiving the broadcast (see Crandall, col. 3, lines 3-25; see fig. 10) and wherein the private messages within the broadcast are decodable only by a single electronic device receiving the broadcast. (see Crandall, col. 5, lines 10-35)

It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to include Crandall's teaching with method of Shiraishi and Barnett in order to allow users to receiving information and data remotely.

As per claim 2, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 1. Shiraishi further teaches initiating a calendar channel splash screen when a calendar channel is activated such the display indicate the current channel selection as the calendar channel without identifying current view details associated with appointments. (column 14, lines 10-16; A schedule display is a splash screen)

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As per claim 3, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 2. Shiraishi further teaches the calendar channel splash screen includes a date indicator that changes based on the current date. (column 14, lines 50-65, The vertical line is an indicator of the past, the present and the future)

As per claim 4, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 2. Shiraishi further teaches dismissing the channel splash screen from the display after the calendar splash screen is displayed for a predetermined time interval without user initiated interaction with the interface selection device. (figure 18, items S18, The return to the main screen is dismissing the channel splash screen)

As per claim 5, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 2. Shiraishi further initiating an enter function in response to user initiated interaction with the interface selection device, and dismissing the calendar channel splash screen from the display in response to the enter function after the calendar channel splash screen is displayed. (column 27, lines 28-60)

As per claim 6, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 1. Shiraishi further teaches where in selecting the appointment from the schedule when the appointment view operating mode is selected further comprises: automatically selecting a most imminent non-expired appointment from the schedule from the current day, wherein the most imminent non-expired appointment changes over time such that the selection also dynamically changes without user interaction with the interface selection device (column 21, lines 65-column 22, lines 8)

As per claim 7, Shiraishi, Barnett and Crandall teach the method of claim 1. Shiraishi further teaches wherein the current view for the selected appointment

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corresponds to a no appointment screen when there is no remaining appointments in the schedule for the current day. (figure 7B, item 30 B, the days 14 and 15, the empty column is a no appointment screen)

As per claim 8, Shiraishi, Barnett and Crandall teach the method of claim 1. Shiraishi further teaches automatically alternating between different views that are associated with the header region of the display such that he header region periodically changes after a timeout interval expires without user initiated interaction with the interface selection device when the appointment view operating mode is selected. (column 14, lines 30-45; The change of the time, or the date is a periodic change)

As per claim 9, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 8. Wherein the different styled views that are associated with the header region includes a representation of a least one of a group comprising: current day o the week, a current date of the month, and a current time of the day. (figure 1B, item 42)

As per claim 10, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 1. Shiraishi further teaches automatically alternating between different views that are associated with the main body region of the display such that the main body region periodically changes after a timeout interval expires without any user initiated interaction with the interface selection device when the appointment view operating mode is selected. (column 14, lines 30-45; The color change of the appointment is a periodic change)

As per claim 11, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 10. Shiraishi further teaches the main body region includes a representation of at least one member of a group comprsing: a current day of the week, a current date of the month, a

current time of the day, a time remaining until the currently selected appointment, a time duration of the currently selected appointment, and a summary of the currently selected appointment. (figure 1b, item 52)

As per claim 14, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 1. Shiraishi further teaches initiating a previous function in response to the interface selection device when the appointment view operating mode is active, and changing the current view to a previous view within the the currently selected operating mode when the previous function is initiated and the appointment view operating mode is active. (column 36, lines 5-50)

As per claim 16, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 14. Shiraishi further teaches wherein the previous appointment from the schedule within the currently selected operating mode when the current view corresponds to the first view that is associated with the selected appointment. (column 53, lines 65-column 54, lines 35)

As per claim 17, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 1. Shiraishi further teaches activating a day browser within the currently selected operating mode in response to the interface selection device when the appointment view operating mode is active, wherein the day browser includes an indicator of a date that is associated with the selected appointment on the display, wherein a currently selected day can be

changed with the interface selection device while the day browser is active. (figure 49 A, item 609)

As per claim 18, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 17. Shiraishi further teaches the indicator of the date from the day browser corresponds to a screen overlay that indues a substantially poition of the display, wherein the screen overlay identifies the current date in a textual representation. (figure 49 A, item 609)

As per claim 19, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 1. Shiraishi further teaches activating a selection list within the currently selected operating mode in response to the interface selection device when the appointment view operating mode is active, wherein the selection list is organized as a list of items that are associated with an appointment in the schedule for a selected day, and wherein the interface selection device is configured for selecting one of the items in the list within the currently selected operating mode. (column 34, lines 54-column 35, lines 25)

As per claim 20, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 19. Shiraishi further teaches wherein the selection list includes a header section and a main body section, wherein the header section indicates the selected day, wherein the main body section includes a time sorted list of the appointments that are associated with the schedule for the selected day, and wherein the selected item from the list is indicated by a visual cue. (column 34, lines 54-column 35, lines 25)

As per claim 21, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 19. Shiraishi further teaches list includes items that span more than one display screen, and wherein a bottom region of the display screen includes and indicator that indicates an end of the list. (column 35, lines 5-15, column 36, lines 40-50)

As per claim 22, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 19. Shiraishi further teaches the selection list includes items that span more than one display screen, and wherein a top region of the display screen includes an indicator that indicates a beginning of the list. (column 35, lines 5-15, column 36, lines 40-50)

As per claim 23, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 1. Shiraishi further teaches activating a mode select function within the appointment view operating mode of the calendar channel in response to the interface selection device when the appointment view operating mode is active, displaying a mode-splash screen on the display when the mode select function is active, wherein the mode-splash screen indicates the selected operating mode, and changing the selected operating mode with the interface selection device when the mode select function is active. (column 39, lines 25-45)

As per claim 24, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 23. Shiraishi further teaches deactivated in response to at least one member of a group comprising: activation of a selector on the interface selection device, and expiration of a timeout condition without the activation of the selector on the selection interface device. (column 39, lines 40-45; moving higher up the hierarchy cancels the mode)

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As per claim 25, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 23. Shiraishi teaches the selected operating mode corresponds to at least one member of a group comprising: the appointment view operating mode, an event view operating mode, and a month view operating mode. (column 39, lines 28-45, Project view is event view)

As per claim 26, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 1. Shiraishi further teaches

Selecting the current operating mode as an event view operating mode within the calendar channel when a mode select function is activated in the calendar channel; (column 34, lines 54-column 35, lines 25)

Selecting an event from the schedule when the event view operating mode is activated; (figure 29 A, item 337) and

Selecting the current view that is associated with the selected event. (figure 29 A, item 337)

As per claim 27, Shiraishi, Barnett, Crandall teach the method of claim 26. Shiraishi further teaches changing the selected event within the selected operating mode to a next event when the next function is initiated and the event view operating mode is active. (column 15, lines 25-40)

As per claim 28, Shiraishi, Barnett, Crandall teach the method of claim 1. Shiraishi further teaches:

Selecting the current operating mode as a month view operating mode within the calendar channel in response to the interface selection device when a mode select function is activated in the calendar channel; (column 35, lines 25-40)

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Selecting a month that is associated with the calendar when the month view operating mode is activated; (column 35, lines 25-40) and

Selecting the current view that is associated with the selected month. (column 35, lines 25-40)

As per claim 29, Shiraishi, Barnett, Crandall teach the method of claim 28. Shiraishi further teaches:

Changing the selected month to a next month witin the selected operating mode when the next function is initiated and the month view operating mode is active. (column 35, lines 25-40)

As per claim 30, it is of the same scope as claim 1. Supra.

As per claim 31, Shiraishi, Barnett, Crandall teach the method of claim 30. Shiraishi further teaches selecting the appointment from the schedule when the appointment view operating mode is activated further comprises: a means for automatically selecting a most imminent non-expired appointment from the schedule for the current day without user initiated interaction with the user interface. (column 36, lines 5-50)

As per claim 32, it is of the same scope as claim 7.

As per claim 33, it is of the same scope as claim 4.

As per claim 34, it is of the same scope as claim 8.

As per claim 35, it is of the same scope as claim 10.

As per claim 36, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 30. Shiraishi further teaches

A means for selecting the current operating mode as an event view operating mode within the calendar channel when a mode select function is activated in the calendar channel; (column 35, lines 25-40)

A means for selecting an event from the schedule when the event view operating mode is activated; (column 35, lines 25-40) and

A means for selecting the current view that is associated with the selected event. (column 35, lines 25-40)

As per claim 37, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 30. Shiraishi further teaches

A means for selecting the current operating mode as a month view operating mode in response to the interface to the interface selection device when a mode select function is activated in the calendar channel. (column 35, lines 25-40)

A means for selecting a month that is associated with the calendar when the month view operating mode is activated; (column 35, lines 25-40) and

A means for selecting the current view that is associated with the selected month. (column 35, lines 25-40)

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As per claim 38, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 30. Shiraishi further teaches a means for customizing that is arranged to customize the schedule of the calendar. (column 54, lines 37-65)

As per claim 39, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach an apparatus as in claim 30. Shiraishi further teaches a means for synchronizing that is arranged to synchronize the schedule of the calendar with an application program. (column 53, lines 5-30)

As per claim 40, it is of the same scope as claim 1. Supra.

Claims 12 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shiraishi US Patent 6,809,724 further in view of Barnett US Patent 7,174,517 further in view of Crandall US Patent 5,970,231 further in view of Beaton US Patent 6,037,937

As per claim 12, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 1. Shiraishi and Barnett fail to teach the next view corresponds to another display screen that is associated with the selected appointment when the selected appointment spans more than one display screen.

Beaton teaches the next view corresponds to another display screen that is associated with the selected document when the selected document spans more than one display screen. (column 5, lines 10-26)

It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to include Beaton's teaching with method of Shiraishi and Barnett in order to store long messages.

As per claim 15, it is of the same scope as claim 12. Supra.

Claims 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shiraishi US Patent 6,809,724 in view Barnett US Patent 7,174,517 further in view of Crandall US Patent 5,970,231 further in view of Will US Patent 5,825,353.

As per claim 13, Shiraishi, Barnett, and Crandall teach the method of claim 1.

Shiraishi and Barnett fail to teach the next view corresponds to a next appointment from the schedule when the current view corresponds to the last view that is associated with the selected appointment.

Will teaches the next view corresponds to a next appointment from the schedule when the current view corresponds to the last view that is associated with the selected appointment. (column 9, lines 40-60)

It would have been obvious to an artisan at the time of the invention to include Will's teaching with method of Shiraishi and Barnett in order to provide an interface that allows an easy navigation of next and previous messages.

Response To Argument

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-40 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SIMON KE whose telephone number is (571)272-4062. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th and Alternate Fridays 8:30-5:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dennis Chow can be reached on (571) 272-7767. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Peng Ke/ Peng Ke/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2174